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FREESCA LAW DEPA		CONDUCTOR, IN	LEE, CHRISTOPHER E		
7700 WEST	7700 WEST PARMER LANE MD:TX32/PL02				PAPER NUMBER
AUSTIN, TX 78729			2112		

DATE MAILED: 05/13/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/903,178	HEIGL ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Christopher E. Lee	2112
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period where the reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron cause the application to become ABANDON	mely filed ys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 Ma	arch 2005	<b>V</b>
	action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan		osecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under E	·	
Disposition of Claims		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5,7-13 and 15-20</u> is/are pending in t	he application.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6) Claim(s) 1-5,7-13 and 15-20 is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	•	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce		Examiner
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	- ·	
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	•	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.	
2 Certified copies of the priority documents		tion No
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	ity documents have been receiv	ed in this National Stage
application from the International Bureau		•
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receiv	red.
	,	
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summar	
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail I	Date Patent Application (PTO-152)
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	i dioni Application (F 10-102)
		<del></del>
S. Patent and Trademark Office	tion Summary F	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 2005050

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Receipt Acknowledgement

1. Receipt is acknowledged of the Amendment filed on 1<sup>st</sup> of March 2005. Claims 1 and 13 have been amended; claim 14 has been canceled; and no claim has been newly added since the RCE Non-Final.

Office Action was mailed on 3<sup>rd</sup> of December 2004. Currently, claims 1-5, 7-13 and 15-20 are pending in this application.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 3. Claims 13, 15, 16 and 18-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Yeivin et al. [WO 00/60477; cited by the Applicants; hereinafter Yeivin].

Referring to claim 13, Yeivin discloses a method (See Abstract) of using a communication controller (i.e., communication controller as indicated by dashed line 119 in Fig. 3) for communication on at least one communication bus (i.e., communication channels 180 in Fig. 3), each communication bus (i.e., communication channel) transferring a data stream (i.e., high speed data stream) according to a communication protocol (See page 7, lines 20-22), said communication controller comprising a communication handler (i.e., peripherals 140, scheduler 50 and first processor 90 in Fig. 3) coupled to said at least one communication bus adapted to be programmable to perform transformations of said data stream (See page 10, lines 3-23), said communication handler (i.e., peripherals, scheduler and first processor) is adapted to be programmable to perform transformations (See page 10, lines 3-23) of said data stream (i.e., high speed data stream) at a bit-level (See page 9, line 31 through page 10, line 2; i.e., wherein in fact that the state machine converts raw data bit stream to a bit stream compatible to a communication protocol clearly anticipates performing transformations (i.e., conversions) of said data stream (i.e., raw data bit stream) at a bit-level (i.e., converting a bit stream of raw data to a bit stream)),

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the method comprising the steps of selecting a communication protocol (See page 9, line 11 through page 10, line 2, page 16, lines 21-27, and page 17, line 15-27; i.e., wherein in fact that a state machine of the peripheral being tailored to handle a communication protocol, and a request selector of the scheduler selecting RC(c) request channel anticipates selecting a communication protocol); programming said communication handler (i.e., first processor) with instructions to perform transformations of said data stream according to said selected communication protocol (See page 10, lines 3-23, and page 10, line 29 through page 11, line 25); receiving electrical signals (i.e., receiving raw data bit stream) representing data of said data stream (See page 9, line 19 through page 10, line 2); transforming (i.e., converting and processing) said electrical signals representing data of said stream by said communication handler (i.e., peripherals, scheduler and first processor) according to said programmed instructions (See page 10, lines 3-23, and page 10, line 29 through page 11, line 25); and re-programming said communication handler (i.e., peripherals 140, scheduler 50 and first processor 90 in Fig. 3) with instructions (i.e., programmable routines) to enable it to perform transformations of said data stream (i.e., high speed data stream) according to a re-selected communication protocol which is different from the previously selected communication protocol (See page 7, lines 20-22 and page 10, lines 3-23; i.e., wherein in fact that communication processor processes data streams, which are associated with a variety protocols, according to the variety protocols inherently anticipates that said communication handler performs transformations of said data stream according to a re-selected communication protocol which is different from the previously selected communication protocol).

Referring to claim 15, Yeivin teaches the step of generating an electrical signal representing logical bits from a voltage signal having transitions between voltage levels received on said communication bus (See page 9, line 19 through page 10, line 2; i.e., wherein in fact that each peripheral comprises of a state machine which is tailored to at least one communication protocol, and the state machine converts raw data bit stream to a bit stream compatible to a communication protocol inherently

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anticipates the step of generating an electrical signal (i.e., communication channel signal) representing logical bits (i.e., bit data) from a voltage signal (i.e., digital communication device signal) having transitions between voltage levels (i.e., digital representation of the communication channel signal) received on said communication bus (i.e., communication channels)) and/or sending a voltage signal (i.e., transmitting said (i.e., digital communication channel signal) having transitions between voltage levels (i.e., digital representation of the communication channel signal) on said communication bus (i.e., communication channel signal) representing logical bits (i.e., bit data), according to said communication protocol (See page 7, lines 20-22).

Referring to claim 16, Yeivin teaches the step of decoding/encoding data of said data stream (i.e., in fact, the high speed data stream is encoded/decoded by said communication handler (i.e., peripherals, scheduler and first processor) in a variety of associated communication protocols; See page 10, lines 3-23).

Referring to claim 18, Yeivin teaches the step of identifying and providing as parallel data a data field of logical bits received serially on said communication bus (i.e., communication channels 180 in Fig. 3; See page 9, lines 25-28) and/or providing for sending serially on said communication bus groups of logical bits (i.e., a set of multiple bit words) provided as parallel data (See page 9, lines 28-31).

Referring to claim 19, Yeivin teaches the step of identifying and providing a data frame representing a message from data fields of logical bits (i.e., a set of multiple bit words converted from a received serial data bit stream; See page 9, lines 25-28) and/or identifying and providing fields of logical bits from a data frame representing a message (i.e., a received multiple bit words from the first processor being converted to a stream of single bits to be transmitted into the communication channel; See page 9, lines 28-31).

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Referring to claim 20, Yeivin teaches said method is carried out by a communication controller (i.e., peripherals 140, scheduler 50 and first processor 90 in Fig. 3) within a microcontroller (i.e., communication controller as indicated by dashed line 119 in Fig. 3).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5 4. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
  - 5. Claims 1, 2, 7, 8, 11 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yeivin [WO 00/60477] in view of Holy [GB 2 264 374 A].

Referring to claims 1 and 11. Yeivin discloses a communication controller, which is a microcontroller unit (i.e., communication controller as indicated by dashed line 119 in Fig. 3), for communication on at least one communication bus (i.e., communication channels 180 in Fig. 3), each communication bus (i.e., communication channel) transferring a data stream (i.e., high speed data stream) according to a communication protocol (See page 7, lines 20-22), said communication controller comprising a communication handler (i.e., peripherals 140, scheduler 50 and first processor 90 in Fig. 3) coupled to said at least one communication bus adapted to be programmable to perform transformations of said data stream (See page 10, lines 3-23), wherein said communication handler (i.e., peripherals, scheduler and first processor) is adapted to be programmable to perform transformations (See page 10, lines 3-23) of said data stream (i.e., high speed data stream) at a bit-level (See page 9, line 31 through page 10, line 2; i.e., wherein in fact that the state machine converts raw data bit stream to a bit stream compatible to a communication protocol clearly anticipates performing transformations (i.e., conversions) of said data stream (i.e., raw data bit stream) at a bit-level (i.e., converting a bit stream of raw data to a bit stream)).

Yeivin does not expressly teach said communication handler is adapted to be programmable to perform transformations of said data stream at a bit-level in accordance with a communication protocol and re-

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programmable to perform transformations of said data stream in accordance with a modified or different protocol.

Holy discloses a programmable protocol converter (See page 1, lines 1-5), wherein a communication handler (i.e., PPC in Fig. 1) is adapted to be programmable to perform transformations (i.e.,

modifications) of a data stream (See page 2, lines 17-23; i.e., said PPC is adapted to be programmable to modify a data stream) at a bit-level in accordance with a communication protocol (See page 7, lines 14-22; i.e., wherein in fact that the PPC has an Input Hex Dump function and displays data flowing along a cable, and the user determines what modification to the data is required implies that a communication handler (i.e., PPC) is adapted to be programmable to perform transformations (i.e., modifications) of a data stream at a bit-level in accordance with a communication protocol (i.e., modifying data determined by the user, which is flowing in Hex and ASCII)) and re-programmable to perform transformations of said data stream in accordance with a modified or different protocol (See page 8, lines 1-12; i.e., reprogramming for performing modifications of data stream in accordance with an incompatibility). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have included said communication handler (i.e., programmable protocol converter), as disclosed

by Holy, in said communication handler, as disclosed by Yeivin, for the advantage of providing an easy way to modify said data stream by means of an internal high level language program which can be written by a person who is not an expert in the hardware and software details of said communication controller (i.e., data communications device; See Holy, page 1, lines 2-5).

Referring to claim 2, Yeivin teaches said communication handler (i.e., peripherals 140, scheduler 50 and first processor 90 in Fig. 3) comprises a programmable decoder and/or encoder (i.e., first processor; See page 10, lines 3-23).

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Referring to claim 7, Yeivin teaches a communication control unit (i.e., second processor 100 of Fig. 3) for controlling (e.g., initializing) said communication handler (i.e., peripherals 140, scheduler 50 and first processor 90 in Fig. 3; See page 10, lines 24-28).

Referring to claim 8, Yeivin teaches a memory (i.e., instruction memory bank 130 or first memory bank 70 in Fig. 3) for storing instructions (See page 10, lines 3-9) to perform transformations of said data stream (i.e., high speed data stream) according to several communication protocols (See page 7, lines 20-22).

Referring to claim 12, Yeivin teaches said microcontroller unit (i.e., communication controller as indicated by dashed line 119 in Fig. 3) adapted to communicate on several communication buses simultaneously (i.e., communication channels 182 in Fig. 3), each communication bus transferring a data stream (i.e., high speed data stream) according to a respective communication protocol (See page 7, lines 20-22).

6. Claims 3-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yeivin [WO 00/60477] in view of Holy [GB 2 264 374 A] as applied to claims 1, 2, 7, 8, 11 and 12 above, and further in view of Adams et al. [US 5,761,424 A; hereinafter Adams].

Referring to claims 3 and 4, Yeivin, as modified by Holy, discloses all the limitations of the claims 3 and 4, respectively, including said communication handler (i.e., peripherals 140, scheduler 50 and first processor 90 in Fig. 3) comprises at least one bit engine (e.g., shift register in peripherals; See page 9, lines 26 and 29), which is a bit receiver and/or a bit transmitter (i.e., bit stream receiver/transmitter; See page 9, lines 25-31), except that does not teach said at least one bit engine, which is said bit receiver and/or said bit transmitter, is programmable.

Adams discloses a communication receiver 100 in Fig. 1, wherein at least one bit engine (i.e., packet recognition filter 106 and packet generator parameters 110 in Fig. 1), which is a bit receiver (i.e., packet

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recognition filter) and/or a bit transmitter (i.e., packet generator parameters), is programmable (See col. 2, lines 5-18).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined said bit engine (i.e., packet recognition filter and packet generator parameters), as disclosed by Adams, with said at least one bit engine (i.e., shift register in peripherals), as disclosed by Yeivin, as modified by Holy, for the advantage of providing a programmable recognition filter to determine which received said data streams (i.e., packets) are appropriately to be processed by said communication handler (i.e., receiving node; See Adams, col. 2, lines 2-5).

Referring to claim 5, Yeivin, as modified by Holy, discloses all the limitations of the claim 5,

except that does not teach said communication handler comprises a programmable pattern detector, which is performing the step of detecting a predefined pattern in the data of said data stream.

Adams discloses a communication system (Fig. 1), wherein a communication handler (i.e., communication receiver 100 of Fig. 1) comprises a programmable pattern detector (i.e., packet recognition filter 106 of Fig. 1; See col. 4, lines 15-23), which is performing the step of detecting a predefined pattern (i.e., valid information recognized by filter) in the data (e.g., header portion) of a data stream (packets; See col. 3, lines 53-65).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have included said programmable pattern detector (i.e., packet recognition filter), as disclosed by Adams, in said communication handler, as discloses by Yeivin, as modified by Holy, for the advantage of providing flexibility in the update of said communication handler (i.e., receiving node) to recognize new types of said data streams (i.e., packets; See Adams, col. 4, lines 15-17).

7. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yeivin [WO 00/60477] in view of Holy [GB 2 264 374 A] as applied to claims 1, 2, 7, 8, 11 and 12 above, and further in view of Edwards et al. [US 6,530,047 B1; hereinafter Edwards].

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Referring to claim 9, Yeivin, as modified by Holy, discloses all the limitations of the claim 9 except that does not teach a debug unit.

Edwards discloses a system for communicating with an integrated circuit 101 in Fig. 1, wherein said integrated circuit comprising a debug unit (i.e., Debug Circuit 103 of Fig. 1).

- Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have included said debug unit, as disclosed by Edwards, in said communication controller, as discloses by Yeivin, as modified by Holy, for the advantage of providing a real-time collection of trace information is possible via a high-speed link interface of said debug unit (debug circuit; See Edwards, col. 2, lines 54-62).
  - 8. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yeivin [WO 00/60477] in view of Holy [GB 2 264 374 A] as applied to claims 1, 2, 7, 8, 11 and 12 above, and further in view of Sarpangal [US 6,529,970 B1] and Scherpbier et al. [US 6,621,834 B1; hereinafter Scherpbier].

Referring to claim 10, Yeivin, as modified by Holy, discloses all the limitations of the claim 10, including said instructions having been loaded into a memory (i.e., instruction memory bank 130 or first memory bank 70 in Fig. 3) for storing said instructions (See page 10, lines 3-9) to perform transformations of said data stream (i.e., high speed data stream) according to several communication protocols (See page 7, lines 20-22), except that does not teach a peripheral channel connection for rapid loading of said instructions, which perform transformations of said data stream according to custom protocol.

Sarpangal discloses a method and microprocessor with fast program downloading features (See Fig. 1 and Abstract), wherein a peripheral channel connection (i.e., communication medium 7a, dispatcher 5, dispatcher connector interface 5a, and target connector interface 3c in Fig. 1) for rapid loading of instructions (See col. 4, lines 35-62).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have included said peripheral channel connection (i.e., communication medium, dispatcher, dispatcher connector interface, and target connector interface), as disclosed by Sarpangal, in said communication controller, as disclosed by Yeivin, as modified by Holy, for the advantage of providing a method of downloading said instructions (i.e., program information) quickly (See Sarpangal, col. 1, lines 66-67).

Yeivin, as modified by Holy and Sarpangal, does not expressly teach said instructions perform transformations of said data stream according to custom protocol.

Scherpbier discloses a system and method for voice transmission over network protocols (See Abstract), wherein instructions (i.e., program for communicating in custom protocol) to perform transformations (i.e., enabling transmission/reception) of data stream (e.g., voice data) according to custom protocol (i.e., custom protocol built on top of HTTP; See col. 6, lines 7-8).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have implemented said custom protocol, as disclosed by Scherpbier, in said instructions, as disclosed by Yeivin, as modified by Holy and Sarpangal, for the advantage of providing additional extra information to said communication protocols (i.e., standard HTTP protocol; See Scherpbier, col. 6, lines 8-9).

- 9. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yeivin [WO 00/60477] as applied to claims 13, 15, 16 and 18-20 above, and further in view of Adams [US 5,761,424 A].
- Referring to claim 17. Yeivin discloses all the limitations of the claim 17, except that does not teach said communication handler comprises a programmable pattern detector, which is performing the step of detecting a predefined pattern in the data of said data stream.

Adams discloses a communication system (Fig. 1), wherein a communication handler (i.e., communication receiver 100 of Fig. 1) comprises a programmable pattern detector (i.e., packet

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recognition filter 106 of Fig. 1; See col. 4, lines 15-23), which is performing the step of detecting a predefined pattern (i.e., valid information recognized by filter) in the data (e.g., header portion) of a data stream (packets; See col. 3, lines 53-65).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have included said programmable pattern detector (i.e., packet recognition filter), as disclosed by Adams, in said communication handler, as discloses by Yeivin, for the advantage of providing flexibility in the update of said communication handler (i.e., receiving node) to recognize new types of said data streams (i.e., packets; See Adams, col. 4, lines 15-17).

### Response to Arguments

10 10. Applicants' arguments with respect to claims 1 and 13 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

In response to the Applicants' argument with respect to "... However, Yeivin does not state that the communication controller is re-programmable to perform transformations of the data stream in accordance with a modified or different protocol. ..." in the Response on page 5, lines 11-23, the Examiner brought Holy reference in the rejection for the limitations of the claim 1, which are not provided by Yeivin and all of the other art cited (See Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103). However, Yeivin teaches the newly claimed limitations in the claim 13, such that "re-programming said communication handler (i.e., peripherals 140, scheduler 50 and first processor 90 in Fig. 3) with instructions (i.e., programmable routines) to enable it to perform transformations of said data stream (i.e., high speed data stream) according to a re-selected communication protocol which is different from the previously selected communication protocol (See page 7, lines 20-22 and page 10, lines 3-23; i.e., wherein in fact that communication processor processes data streams, which are associated with a variety protocols, according to the variety protocols inherently anticipates that said communication handler

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performs transformations of said data stream according to a re-selected communication protocol which is different from the previously selected communication protocol)".

Thus, the Applicants' argument on this point in accordance with the claim 13 is not persuasive.

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Weitz et al. [US 6,771,630 B1] disclose multi channel controller.

Krizay et al. [US 5,699,430 A] disclose method and apparatus for electronically preventing unauthorized access to equipment.

Iijima [US 5,581,708 A] discloses data transmission system using electronic apparatus having a plurality of transmission protocols.

Balogh et al. [US 5,734,830 A] disclose multi-equipment routing method and master station for layered protocol communication network system.

Holzmann [US 5,826,017 A] discloses apparatus and method for communicating data between elements of a distributed system using a general protocol.

Estrada et al. [US 4,855,905] disclose multiprotocol I/O communications controller unit including emulated I/O controllers and tables translation of common commands and device addresses.

Brown et al. [US 5,060,140] disclose universal programmable data communication connection system.

Kazan et al. [US 4,807,282] disclose programmable P/C compatible communications card.

20 12. Applicants' amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicants are reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing

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date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH

shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action

is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX

MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should

be directed to Christopher E. Lee whose telephone number is 571-272-3637. The examiner can normally

be reached on 9:30am - 5:30pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mark

H. Rinehart can be reached on 571-272-3632. The fax phone number for the organization where this

application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application

Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained

from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available

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Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Christopher E. Lee

Examiner

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CEL/CEL

Technology Center 2100